

THE STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES LAND RESOURCES MANAGEMENT WETLANDS BUREAU

29 Hazen Drive, PO Box 95, Concord, NH 03302-0095

Phone: (603) 271-2147 Fax: (603) 271-6588 http://des.nh.gov/organization/divisions/water/wetlands



PERMIT APPLICATION

			ninistrativa		e No.	
Use Only		- ALL		An	nount	
				tnit	inle	
REVIEW TIME: Indicate your Review Time below.	Refer to Guidance Document A for	instructions.				
☑ Standard Review (Minim	num, Minor or Major Impact)		☐ Expedite	d Review ((Minimum Impact)	
PROJECT LOCATION: Separate applications must be filed	I with each municipality that jurisdic	tional impacts	will occur in.			
ADDRESS: NH Rte. 3 over Lost	River			TOWN/CI	TY: Woodstock	
TAX MAP:	BLOCK:	LOT:			UNIT:	
USGS TOPO MAP WATERBODY NAM	E: Lost River	□ NA	STREAM WA	TERSHED	SIZE: 27.8 mi2	□ NA
LOCATION COORDINATES (If known):	043`51'37.48" 071`05'19.33"					ongitude
3. PROJECT DESCRIPTION: Provide a brief description of the proof your project. DO NOT reply "See	pject outlining the scope of work. A Attached" in the space provided be	ttach additiona	Il sheets as n	eeded to p	provide a detailed exp	lanation
The existing structure is a corspalls in the abutments. There installed on the abutments and wingwalls may be accessed. Fither iver and on the bank to fa	e are cracks, spalls and minor d the wingwalls will be faced. Riprap will be added in front o	settlement Existing rip	in the wing rap will be t	walls. Th temporar	ere will be toewall	S
4. RELATED PERMITS, ENFORCE	EMENT, EMERGENCY AUTHORIZ	ATION, SHOP	RELAND, AL	TERATIO	N OF TERRAIN, ETC.	14%
5. NATURAL HERITAGE BUREAU See the Instructions & Required Atta		to complete a	& b below.			
a. Natural Heritage Bureau File ID:	NHB <u>16</u> - <u>0649</u> .					
 Designated River the project date a copy of the application NA 	is in ¼ miles of: Pemigewas n was sent to Local River Advisory (y: Yea	ar:	

6. APPLICANT INFORMATION (Desired permit holds	er)			
LAST NAME, FIRST NAME, M.I.: Johnson, Steve W				
TRUST / COMPANY NAME: NH Dept. of Transportation	n MA	ILING ADDRESS: 7	Hazen Drive	
TOWN/CITY: Concord			STATE: NH	ZIP CODE: 03302
EMAIL or FAX: sjohnson@dot.state.nh.us		PHONE: 603 27	1 3667	
ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION: By initialing here:	hereby authorize Di	ES to communicate a	all matters relative	e to this application electronically
7. PROPERTY OWNER INFORMATION (If different the	han applicant)			
LAST NAME, FIRST NAME, M.I.:			11	
TRUST / COMPANY NAME:	MA	LING ADDRESS:		
TOWN/CITY:			STATE:	ZIP CODE:
EMAIL or FAX:		PHONE:		
ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION: By initialing here	, I hereby authorize	DES to communicat	te all matters relat	tive to this application electronical
8. AUTHORIZED AGENT INFORMATION				
LAST NAME, FIRST NAME, M.I.: Weatherbee, Anthony	N	COMPANY	NAME:NH De	pt. of Transportation
MAILING ADDRESS: 7 Hazen Drive				
TOWN/CITY: Concord			STATE: NH	ZIP CODE: 03302
EMAIL or FAX: aweatherbee@dot.state.nh.us	PH	ONE: 603-271-3 6	67	
ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION: By initialing here	I hereby authorize	DES to communicat	e all matters relati	ive to this application electronically
9. PROPERTY OWNER SIGNATURE: See the Instructions & Required Attachments document for	or clarification of t	he below stateme	nts	
By signing the application, I am certifying that:				
 I authorize the applicant and/or agent indicated on upon request, supplemental information in support I have reviewed and submitted information & attach All abutters have been identified in accordance with I have read and provided the required information of I have read and understand Env-Wt 302.03 and have Any structure that I am proposing to repair/replace grandfathered per Env-Wt 101.47. I have submitted a copy of the application materials I authorize DES and the municipal conservation cor I have reviewed the information being submitted an I understand that the willful submission of falsifie Environmental Services is a criminal act, which r I am aware that the work I am proposing may recobtaining. The mailing addresses I have provided are up to forward returned mail. 	of this permit apparents outlined in RSA 482-A:3, I putlined in Env-W ve chosen the least was either previous to the NH State mmission to inspect that to the best and or misrepreser may result in legiquire additional seconds.	olication. In the Instructions a and Env-Wt 100-9 It 302.04 for the appliest impacting alternusly permitted by the Historic Preservation that the site of the pofice of my knowledge at action. It action to the post of the police of the site of the post of my knowledge at action. It action to the post of th	and Required At 00. plicable project native. the Wetlands Button Officer. proposed project the information to the New Hameral permits whi	tachment document. type. ureau or would be considered t. is true and accurate. hpshire Department of ich I am responsible for
Meve works	Steve W. Johr	son	8 Dat	125116

MUNICIPAL SIGNATURES

10. CC	ONSERVATION COMMISSION SIGNATURE	
1. Waives its right to intervene per RSA 48	tted plans accurately represent the proposed p	
- <u>}</u>		

Print name legibly

DIRECTIONS FOR CONSERVATION COMMISSION

Authorized Commission Signature

- 1. Expedited review ONLY requires that the conservation commission's signature is obtained in the space above.
- 2. The Conservation Commission signature should be obtained prior to the submittal of the original application and four copies to the town/city clerk for mailing to the DES.
- 3. The Conservation Commission may refuse to sign. If the Conservation Commission does not sign this statement for any reason, the application is not eligible for expedited review and the application will reviewed in the standard review time frame.

	11. TOWN / CITY CLERK SIG	NATURE	
As required by Chapter 482-A:3 (ame detailed plans, and five USGS location postal receipts (or copies) for all abutt	n maps with the town/city indicated	applicant has filed five applic below and I have received and	ation forms, five d retained certified
Town/City Clerk Signature	Print name legibly	Town/City	Date

DIRECTIONS FOR TOWN/CITY CLERK:

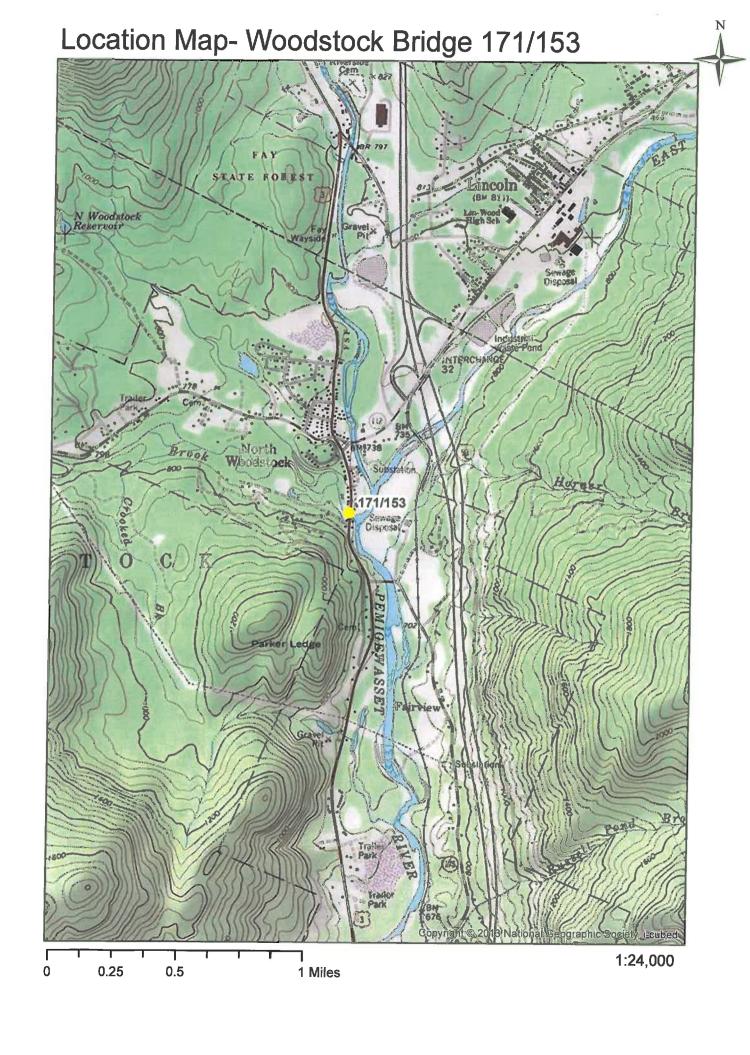
Per RSA 482-A 3,I(d)

- 1. For applications where "Expedited Review" is checked on page 1, accept the application for mailing only if the Conservation Commission signature has been sought;
- 2. Collect the postal receipts demonstrating that all abutters and the Local Advisory Committee were sent proper notice;
- 3. Collect any administrative fees, not to exceed \$10 plus the cost of postage by certified mail (RSA 482-A:3.I).
- 4. IMMEDIATELY sign the original application and four copies in the signature space provided above;
- Retain one copy of the application form, one complete set of attachments and the postal receipts demonstrating that all abutters and the Local River Advisory Committee were notified and make them reasonably accessible to the public;
- 6. IMMEDIATELY distribute a copy of the application with one complete set of attachments to each of the following bodies: the municipal Conservation Commission, the local governing body (Board of Selectmen or Town/City Council), and the Planning Board in accordance with RSA 482-A:3, I; and
- 7. IMMEDIATELY send the ORIGINAL application form, one complete set of attachments and filing fee, by CERTIFIED MAIL to the NHDES Wetlands Bureau at the address indicated on page 1 of this application. (DO NOT HOLD FOR CONSERVATION COMMISSION SIGNATURE).

Date

12. IMPACT AREA: For each jurisdictional area that will be/has been impacted, provide square feet and, if applicable, linear feet of impact Permanent: impacts that will remain after the project is complete. Temporary: impacts not intended to remain (and will be restored to pre-construction conditions) after the project is complete. After-the-fact (ATF): work completed prior to receipt of this application by DES. Check box to indicate ATF. PERMANENT **TEMPORARY** JURISDICTIONAL AREA Sq. Ft. / Lin. Ft. Sq. Ft. / Lin. Ft. Forested wetland ☐ ATF ☐ ATF Scrub-shrub wetland □ ATF ☐ ATF Emergent wetland ☐ ATF ☐ ATF Wet meadow ☐ ATF ☐ ATF Intermittent stream ATF ☐ ATF Perennial Stream / River 367 / 73 ☐ ATF 3718 / 103 ATF Lake / Pond 1 ☐ ATF 1 ☐ ATF Bank - Intermittent stream 1 1 ☐ ATF Bank - Perennial stream / River 271 / 43 ☐ ATF 1684 / 114 ☐ ATF Bank - Lake / Pond 1 □ ATF 1 ATF Tidal water □ ATF 1 ATF Salt marsh ☐ ATF ☐ ATF Sand dune ☐ ATF ☐ ATF Prime wetland ATF ☐ ATF Prime wetland buffer ☐ ATF ☐ ATF Undeveloped Tidal Buffer Zone (TBZ) ☐ ATF ☐ ATF Previously-developed upland in TBZ ☐ ATF ☐ ATF Docking - Lake / Pond ATF ATF Docking - River ☐ ATF ☐ ATF Docking - Tidal Water ☐ ATF □ ATF TOTAL 638 / 116 5402 / 217 13. APPLICATION FEE: See the Instructions & Required Attachments document for further instruction ☐ Minimum Impact Fee: Flat fee of \$ 200 Minor or Major Impact Fee: Calculate using the below table below Permanent and Temporary (non-docking) 6040 sq. ft. X \$0.20 = \$ 1208.00 Temporary (seasonal) docking structure: sq. ft. X \$1.00 = \$ Permanent docking structure: sq. ft. X \$2.00 = \$ Projects proposing shoreline structures (including docks) add \$200 = __\$ Total = \$

The Application Fee is the above calculated Total or \$200, whichever is greater = \$1208.00





THE STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES LAND RESOURCES MANAGEMENT WETLANDS BUREAU

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Phone: (603) 271-2147 Fax: (603) 271-6588
http://des.nh.gov/organization/divisions/water/wetlands/index.htm
Permit Application Status: http://des.nh.gov/onestop/index.htm



PERMIT APPLICATION – ATTACHMENT A MINOR & MAJOR 20 QUESTIONS

<u>Env-Wt 302 04 Requirements for Application Evaluation</u> – For any major or minor project, the applicant shall demonstrate by plan and example that the following factors have been considered in the project's design in assessing the impact of the proposed project to areas and environments under the department's jurisdiction. Respond with statements demonstrating:

1. The need for the proposed impact.

This structure has a deteriorating substructure. There are medium to heavy spalls in the abutments and there are cracks, spalls and minor settlement in the wingwalls. It is necessary to impact jurisdictional areas to provide access for the repairs. The permanent impacts are for the riprap that is required to stabilize the proposed toewalls. The temporary impacts are for the temporary scaffolding that will be used to access the structure. If the structure is not rehabilitated, it will eventually be load posted or closed.

2. That the alternative proposed by the applicant is the one with the least impact to the wetlands or surface waters on site.

The alternatives considered are as follows:

Replace structure with a new structure in compliance with the NH Stream Crossing Guidelines: According to the NH Stream Crossing Guidelines, if a new structure were to be constructed at this location it would require a span of 78'-0". A structure of this size would cost approximately \$1,500,000. Spending this much money on a structure that could be adequately preserved for approximately \$100,000 would not be a practicable use of resources. There would also be significant wetland impacts if a structure of this size were installed due to the additional footprint and for construction.

Rehabilitate the existing structure: This is the chosen alternative. Impacts for facing the substructure and adding riprap are far less than the impacts that would be required for a structure replacement. This is the most cost-effective and lowest impact solution to prolong the life of the structure.

In the March 16, 2016 Natural Resource Agency Coordination Meeting no concerns with this project were raised.

3. The type and classification of the wetlands involved.

R2UB1,2: Riverine, lower perennial, unconsolidated bottom, cobble gravel, sand Bank

4. The relationship of the proposed wetlands to be impacted relative to nearby wetlands and surface waters.

Several Brooks such as the Lost River, Jackman Brook, Crooked Brook, and more, all converge with what is known as Moosilauke Brook and Gordon Pond Brook which outlet into the Pemigewasset River.

5. The rarity of the wetland, surface water, sand dunes, or tidal buffer zone area.

Moosilauke Brook / Gordon Pond Brook has not been identified as a rare surface water of the state. The Pemigewasset is a Designated River.

6. The surface area of the wetlands that will be impacted.

4085 ft² Riverine (3718 ft² temporary, 367 ft² permanent) 1955 ft² Bank (1684 ft² temporary, 271 ft² permanent)

- 7. The impact on plants, fish, and wildlife, but not limited to:
 - a. Rare, special concern species;
 - b. State and federally listed threatened and endangered species;
 - c. Species at the extremities of their ranges;
 - d. Migratory fish and wildlife;
 - e. Exemplary natural communities identified by the DRED-NHB; and
 - f. Vernal pools.

No rare or special concern species were identified within the proposed project area.

There were no State or Federally listed threatened or endangered species identified within the project limits by NHB. The USFWS IPaC identified the Northern Long Eared Bat (NLEB). As for the Northern Long-eared Bat (NLEB), the 4(d) streamline consultation was submitted to USF&WS through the ACOE.

There are no species known to be at the extremities of their ranges located in the project area.

Migratory fish and wildlife will be protected under the direction of NH Fish and Game.

The Department has coordinated with DRED and the results of the NHB review revealed no records in this area. There were no vernal pools identified and/or delineated in the project area.

8. The impact of the proposed project on public commerce, navigation and recreation.

During construction, access to the nearby residents and/or commercial businesses will be maintained at all times. Access will be maintained by alternating traffic with a one lane closure. The Lost River is non-navigable water which makes it non-conducive to boaters. There are no recreational areas that have been identified in this area except for the possibility for fishing. During construction fishing activities from the banks of the brook will need to occur outside of the construction work zone. When construction is completed, the project as proposed will be a benefit to the public commerce.

9. The extent to which a project interferes with the aesthetic interests of the general public. For example, where an applicant proposes the construction of a retaining wall on the bank of a lake, the applicant shall be required to indicate the type of material to be used and the effect of the construction of the wall on the view of other users of the lake.

The project will not significantly interfere with the aesthetic interests of the general public. The proposed improvements will be more pleasing to the eye than the structure in poor condition.

10. The extent to which a project interferes with or obstructs public rights of passage or access. For example, where the applicant proposes to construct a dock in a narrow channel, the applicant shall be required to document the extent to which the dock would block or interfere with the passage through this area.

The project will not interfere with or obstruct public rights of passage or access. During construction at least one lane of alternating traffic will be maintained at all times. This will ensure access to all nearby businesses and residential homes in this area. Upon completion of this project the bridge will be reopened to two way traffic.

11. The impact upon the abutting pursuant to RSA 482-A:11, II. For example, if an applicant is proposing to riprap a stream, the applicant shall be required to document the effect of such work on upstream and downstream abutting properties.

The project is expected to have a positive impact on abutting properties. The rehabilitated structure will better

serve the abutting properties if they need to travel on the road.

The project as proposed will not alter the chance of flooding on abutting properties.

12. The benefit of a project to the health, safety, and well-being of the general public.

The project will provide a safer, longer lasting structure and roadway. If the structure is not rehabilitated, the bridge will eventually be load posted or closed. Keeping the roadway open benefits commerce, trade, emergency access, etc, for the general public.

13. The impact of a proposed project on quantity or quality of surface and ground water. For example, where an applicant proposes to fill wetlands the applicant shall be required to document the impact of the proposed fill on the amount of drainage entering the site versus the amount of drainage exiting the site and difference in the quality of water entering and exiting the site.

The surface water currently runs off the bridge at the curb lines, to the wingwalls, and then off the structure. Upon completion of the project surface will drain water in the same manner. This will have no adverse effects on the quality or quantity of surface and ground water. Best Management Practices will be used to prevent any adverse effect to water quality during construction.

14. The potential of a proposed project to cause or increase flooding, erosion, or sedimentation.

Flooding: High and low flows will not be changed as a result of this project.

Erosion: The potential to cause or increase erosion will not be changed as a result of this project. The likelihood of erosion will be lessened by the proposed toewalls and riprap.

Sedimentation: Nothing that will be a barrier to sediment transport will be installed in this project.

15. The extent to which a project that is located in surface waters reflects or redirects current or wave energy which might cause damage or hazards.

Surface waters will not be reflected or redirected as a result of this project. The Lost River does not have enough surface water for wave energy to be an issue.

16. The cumulative impact that would result if all parties owning or abutting a portion of the affected wetland or wetland complex were also permitted alternations to the wetland proportional to the extent of their property rights. For example, an applicant who owns only a portion of a wetland shall document the applicant's percentage ownership of that wetland and the percentage of that ownership that would be impacted.

The work consists of a repair of an existing bridge structure. There are no similar structures in the vicinity owned by other parties that would require repair.

17. The impact of the proposed project on the values and functions of the total wetland or wetland complex.

The value of the wetland as a habitat for living organisms will be unchanged. A function of the Lost River is to carry water from a higher elevation to a lower elevation. This project will not interfere with that function.

18. The impact upon the value of the sites included in the latest published edition of the National Register of Natural Landmarks, or sites eligible for such publication.

This project is not located in or near any Natural Landmarks listed on the National Register.

19. The impact upon the value of areas named in acts of congress or presidential proclamations as national rivers, national wilderness areas, national lakeshores, and such areas as may be established under federal, state, or municipal laws for similar and related purposes such as estuarine and marine sanctuaries.

There are no areas named in acts of congress or presidential proclamations as national rivers, national wildness areas, or national lakeshores that will be impacted as a result of this project.

20. The degree to which a project redirects water from one watershed to another.

The project as proposed will not redirect water from one watershed to another.

New Hampshire Department of Transportation Bureau of Bridge Maintenance Brook.

Project # 40571, Bridg**e** # 171/153 Woodstock, NH, Rte. 3 over Moosilauke Brook/Gordon Pond

MITIGATION REPORT

This project is maintenance of an existing structure and therefore mitigation is not required. At the March 16, 2016 Natural Resources Agency Meeting it was determined that no mitigation would be required.

Hydraulic Data

Drainage Area - 27.8 sq mi

Q 100 = 5660 cfs

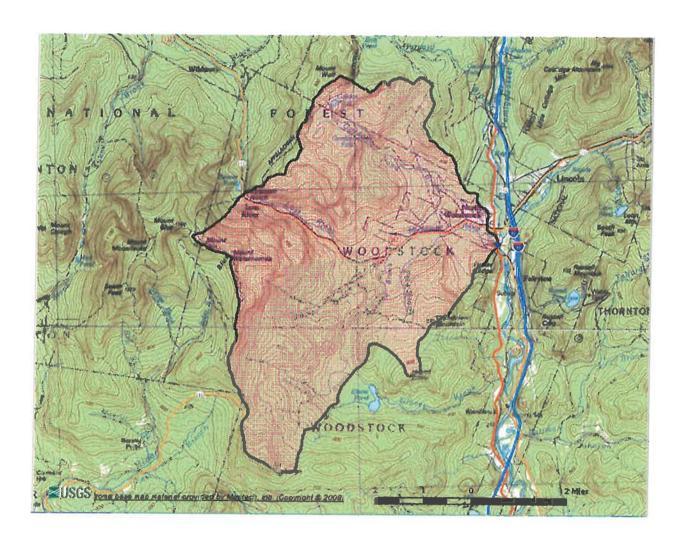


Figure 6: Watershed



THE STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION BUREAU OF BRIDGE MAINTENANCE

7 Hazen Drive, PO Box 483, Concord, NH 03302-0095 Phone: (603) 271-3667 Fax: (603) 271-1588



WETLANDS PERMIT APPLICATION – ATTACHMENT C Stream Crossing Requirements & Information

Env-Wt 904.09(a) – If the applicant believes that installing the structure specified in the applicable rule is not practicable then the applicant may propose an alternative design in accordance with this section.

1. Please explain why the structure specified in the applicable rule is not practicable (Env-Wt 101.69 defines practicable as "available and capable of being done after taking into consideration costs, existing technology, and logistics in light of overall project purposes") (question 2, Attachment A, Minor and Major 20 Questions);

The Moosilauke/Gordon Pond Brook has a drainage area of 27.8 square miles which qualifies this stream as a Tier 3 Crossing. The required span based on the NH Stream Crossing Guidelines for a new crossing 78'-0". A structure of this size would cost approximately \$1,500,000. Spending this much money on a structure that could be adequately preserved for approximately \$100,000 would not be a practicable use of resources. There would be a significant increase in wetland impacts if a structure of this size were installed due to the additional footprint and for construction.

- 2. Please explain how the proposed alternative meets the specific design criteria for Tier 2 and Tier 3 crossings to the maximum extent practicable. Env-Wt 904.05 Design Criteria for Tier 2 and Tier 3 Stream Crossings New Tier 2 stream crossings, replacement Tier 2 crossings that do not meet the requirements of Env-Wt 904.07, and new and replacement Tier 3 crossings shall be designed and constructed...
- ... In accordance with the NH Stream Crossing Guidelines:

The NH Stream Crossing Guidelines do not mention maintenance to a structure in a Tier 3 watershed.

The proposed structure will match the existing slope and alignment.

The bottom of the existing structure is currently a natural bottom. This condition will not be changed as a result of this project.

Wildlife passage will not be changed as a result of this project.

The proposed structure will maintain the flow depths found in the existing structure.

The proposed project will not change the hydraulic capacity of the structure.

...With bed forms and streambed characteristics necessary to cause water depths and velocities within the crossing structure at a variety of flows to be comparable to those found in the natural channel upstream and downstream of the stream crossing:

Water depths and velocities within the crossing at a variety of flows will be comparable to the existing depths and velocities. These flows are comparable to those found in the natural channel upstream and downstream of the stream crossing.

... To provide a vegetated bank on both sides of the watercourse to allow for wildlife passage:

It is not possible to provide vegetated banks on both sides of the watercourse below the roadway, regardless of the type of structure installed. Wildlife passage will not be altered as a result of this project.

... To preserve the natural alignment and gradient of the stream channel, so as to accommodate natural flow regimes and the function of the natural floodplain (questions 14 and 15, Attachment A, Minor and Major 20 Questions);

High flows will not be restricted and low flows will be maintained as a result of this project. The hydraulic capacity

of the structure will not be changed as a result of this project.

...To accommodate the 100-year frequency flood and to ensure that there is no increase in flood stages on abutting properties (questions 11 and 14, Attachment A, Minor and Major 20 Questions):

The hydraulic capacity of the structure will not be changed as a result of this project.

To simulate a natural stream channel

The project as proposed will not alter the existing stream channel.

... So as not to alter sediment transport competence (question 14, Attachment A, Minor and Major 20 Questions):

Nothing that will be a barrier to sediment transport will be installed in this project.

Env-Wt 904.09(c)(3) - The alternative design must meet the general design criteria specified in Env-Wt 904.01:

(a) Not be a barrier to sediment transport (question 14, Attachment A, Minor and Major 20 Questions);

Nothing that will be a barrier to sediment transport will be installed in this project.

(b) Prevent the restriction of high flows and maintain existing low flows (question 14, Attachment A, Minor and Major 20 Questions);

High flows will not be restricted, and low flows will be maintained as a result of this project.

(c) Not obstruct or otherwise substantially disrupt the movement of aquatic life indigenous to the water body beyond the actual duration of construction (question 7, Attachment A, Miner and Major 20 Questions);

Movement of aquatic life will not be altered as a result of this project beyond the actual duration of construction.

(d) Not cause an increase in the frequency of flooding or overtopping of banks (question 14, Attachment A, Minor and Major 20 Questions);

This project will not increase the frequency of flooding. High flows will not be restricted, and low flows will be maintained as a result of this project.

(e) Preserve watercourse connectivity where it currently exists (question 15, Attachment A, Minor and Major 20 Questions):

Connectivity will remain unchanged with the proposed project and will not be worsened.

(f) Restore watercourse connectivity where...

connectivity previously was disrupted as a result of human activity(ies) (question 15, Attachment A, Minor and Major 20 Questions);

Connectivity will remain unchanged with the proposed project and will not be worsened.

restoration of connectivity will benefit aquatic life upstream or downstream of the crossing (question 15, Attachment A, Minor and Major 20 Questions);

Aquatic life upstream and downstream will not be affected as a result of this project.

(g) Not cause erosion, aggradation, or scouring upstream or downstream of the crossing (question 14, Attachment A, Minor and Major 20 Questions);

Aggradation: This project will not affect aggradation at the project location.

Erosion: The potential to cause or increase erosion will not be changed as a result of this project. The likelihood of erosion will be lessened by the proposed toewalls and riprap.

New Hampshire Department of Transportation
Bureau of Bridge Maintenance
Woodstock, NH, Rte. 3 over Moosilauke Brook/Gordon Pond
Brook.

Sedimentation: Nothing that will be a barrier to sediment transport will be installed in this project.

(h) Not cause water quality degradation (question 13, Attachment A, Minor and Major 20 Questions).

The project as proposed will not impact the quantity or quality of surface and/or groundwater at this site. Best Management Practices will be used to prevent any adverse effect to water quality during construction.



NEW HAMPSHIRE NATURAL HERITAGE BUREAU NHB DATACHECK RESULTS LETTER

To: Tony Weatherbee, New Hampshire Department of Transportation

7 Hazen Drive Concord, NH 03302

From: NH Natural Heritage Bureau

Date: 3/16/2016 (valid for one year from this date)

Re: Review by NH Natural Heritage Bureau of request submitted 3/4/2016

NHB File ID: NHB16-0649 Applicant: Tony Weatherbee

Location: Woodstock

Bridge that carries US Rte. 3 over the Lost River

Project

Description: The existing structure is a concrete arch bridge that has a 69'-0" span

and 32'-3" deck width. Proposed work consists of facing the

abutment walls, installing toewalls and placing riprap.

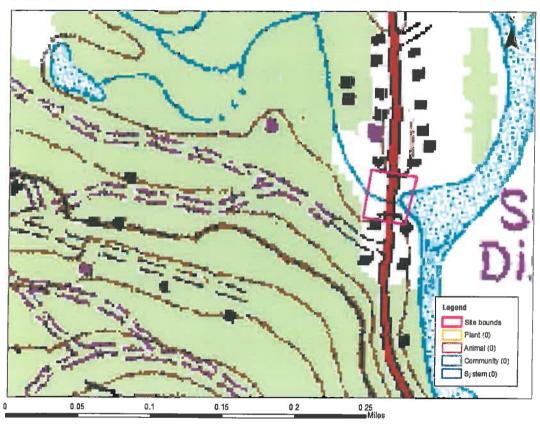
The NH Natural Heritage database has been checked by staff of the NH Natural Heritage Bureau and/or the NH Nongame and Endangered Species Program for records of rare species and exemplary natural communities near the area mapped below. The species considered include those listed as Threatened or Endangered by either the state of New Hampshire or the federal government.

It was determined that, although there was a NHB record (e.g., rare wildlife, plant, and/or natural community) present in the vicinity, we do not expect that it will be impacted by the proposed project. This determination was made based on the project information submitted via the NHB Datacheck Tool on 3/4/2016, and cannot be used for any other project.

NEW HAMPSHIRE NATURAL HERITAGE BUREAU NHB DATACHECK RESULTS LETTER

MAP OF PROJECT BOUNDARIES FOR: NHB16-0649

NHB16-0649





United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

New England Ecological Services Field Office 70 COMMERCIAL STREET, SUITE 300 CONCORD, NH 03301

PHONE: (603)223-2541 FAX: (603)223-0104 URL: www.fws.gov/newengland



March 16, 2016

Consultation Code: 05E1NE00-2016-SLI-1106

Event Code: 05E1NE00-2016-E-01539 Project Name: Woodstock 171/153

Subject: List of threatened and endangered species that may occur in your proposed project

location, and/or may be affected by your proposed project

To Whom It May Concern:

The enclosed species list identifies threatened, endangered, proposed and candidate species, as well as proposed and final designated critical habitat, that may occur within the boundary of your proposed project and/or may be affected by your proposed project. The species list fulfills the requirements of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) under section 7(c) of the Endangered Species Act (Act) of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 et sea.).

New information based on updated surveys, changes in the abundance and distribution of species, changed habitat conditions, or other factors could change this list. Please feel free to contact us if you need more current information or assistance regarding the potential impacts to federally proposed, listed, and candidate species and federally designated and proposed critical habitat. Please note that under 50 CFR 402.12(e) of the regulations implementing section 7 of the Act, the accuracy of this species list should be verified after 90 days. This verification can be completed formally or informally as desired. The Service recommends that verification be completed by visiting the ECOS-IPaC website at regular intervals during project planning and implementation for updates to species lists and information. An updated list may be requested through the ECOS-IPaC system by completing the same process used to receive the enclosed list.

The purpose of the Act is to provide a means whereby threatened and endangered species and the ecosystems upon which they depend may be conserved. Under sections 7(a)(1) and 7(a)(2) of the Act and its implementing regulations (50 CFR 402 et seq.), Federal agencies are required to utilize their authorities to carry out programs for the conservation of threatened and endangered species and to determine whether projects may affect threatened and endangered species and/or designated critical habitat.

A Biological Assessment is required for construction projects (or other undertakings having similar physical impacts) that are major Federal actions significantly affecting the quality of the human environment as defined in the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4332(2) (c)). For projects other than major construction activities, the Service suggests that a biological evaluation similar to a Biological Assessment be prepared to determine whether the project may affect listed or proposed species and/or designated or proposed critical habitat. Recommended contents of a Biological Assessment are described at 50 CFR 402.12.

If a Federal agency determines, based on the Biological Assessment or biological evaluation, that listed species and/or designated critical habitat may be affected by the proposed project, the agency is required to consult with the Service pursuant to 50 CFR 402. In addition, the Service recommends that candidate species, proposed species and proposed critical habitat be addressed within the consultation. More information on the regulations and procedures for section 7 consultation, including the role of permit or license applicants, can be found in the "Endangered Species Consultation Handbook" at:

http://www.fws.gov/endangered/esa-library/pdf/TOC-GLOS.PDF

Please be aware that bald and golden eagles are protected under the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 668 et seq.), and projects affecting these species may require development of an eagle conservation plan

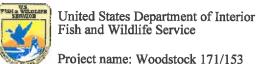
(http://www.fws.gov/windenergy/eagle_guidance.html). Additionally, wind energy projects should follow the wind energy guidelines (http://www.fws.gov/windenergy/) for minimizing impacts to migratory birds and bats.

Guidance for minimizing impacts to migratory birds for projects including communications towers (e.g., cellular, digital television, radio, and emergency broadcast) can be found at: http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/CurrentBirdIssues/Hazards/towers/towers.htm; http://www.towerkill.com; and http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/CurrentBirdIssues/Hazards/towers/comtow.html.

We appreciate your concern for threatened and endangered species. The Service encourages Federal agencies to include conservation of threatened and endangered species into their project planning to further the purposes of the Act. Please include the Consultation Tracking Number in the header of this letter with any request for consultation or correspondence about your project that you submit to our office.

Attachment





Official Species List

Provided by:

New England Ecological Services Field Office 70 COMMERCIAL STREET, SUITE 300 CONCORD, NH 03301 (603) 223-2541_ http://www.fws.gov/newengland

Consultation Code: 05E1NE00-2016-SLI-1106

Event Code: 05E1NE00-2016-E-01539

Project Type: BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION / MAINTENANCE

Project Name: Woodstock 171/153

Project Description: The bridge that carries Rte. 3 over the Lost River. The existing structure is a concrete arch bridge with a 68'-10" span and is 32'-3" wide. There are medium to heavy spalls in the abutments. There are cracks, spalls and minor settlement in the wingwalls. There will be toewalls installed on the abutments and the wingwalls will be faced. Existing riprap will be temporarily moved so the wingwalls may be accessed. Riprap will be added in front of the abutments. Temporary scaffolding will be placed in the river and on the bank to facilitate the repair.

Please Note: The FWS office may have modified the Project Name and/or Project Description, so it may be different from what was submitted in your previous request. If the Consultation Code matches, the FWS considers this to be the same project. Contact the office in the 'Provided by' section of your previous Official Species list if you have any questions or concerns.





United States Department of Interior Fish and Wildlife Service

Project name: Woodstock 171/153

Project Location Map:



Project Coordinates: MULTIPOLYGON (((-71.68532967567444 44.02632697088206, -71.68453574180602 44.026211256967585, -71.68475031852722 44.025108106308316, -71.68546915054321 44.02540125324158, -71.68532967567444 44.02632697088206)))

Project Counties: Grafton, NH



United States Department of Interior Fish and Wildlife Service

Project name: Woodstock 171/153

Endangered Species Act Species List

There are a total of 1 threatened or endangered species on your species list. Species on this list should be considered in an effects analysis for your project and could include species that exist in another geographic area. For example, certain fish may appear on the species list because a project could affect downstream species. Critical habitats listed under the **Has Critical Habitat** column may or may not lie within your project area. See the **Critical habitats within your project area** section further below for critical habitat that lies within your project. Please contact the designated FWS office if you have questions.

Mammals	Status	Has Critical Habitat	Condition(s)
Northern long-eared Bat (Myotis	Threatened		
septentrionalis)			





United States Department of Interior Fish and Wildlife Service

Project name: Woodstock 171/153

Critical habitats that lie within your project area

There are no critical habitats within your project area.

Project	_Woodstock	40571	Bridge	171	/153
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NH RT 3 over Lost River

Wetland Application - NHDOT Cultural Resources Review

For the purpose of compliance with regulations of the National Historic Preservation Act, the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation's *Procedures for the Protection of Historic Properties* (36 CFR 800), the US Army Corps of Engineers' *Appendix C*, and/or state regulation RSA 227-C:9, *Directive for Cooperation in the Protection of Historic Resources*, the NHDOT Cultural Resources Program has reviewed the enclosed Standard Dredge and Fill Application for potential impacts to historic properties.

Above Ground Review	——————————————————————————————————————
Known/approximate age of structure: 1931 Concrete Arch	n Bridge
☑ No Potential to Cause Effect/No Concerns Proposed work includes repair of existing bridge, by installatio facing of wingwalls/substructure; riprap will be removed for reabutments, temporary scaffolding will be erected to facilitate	epairs and then replaced in front of
☐ Concerns:	<u>.</u>
Below Ground Review Recorded Archaeological site: □Yes ⊠No	
Necorded Archaeological Site. 🗆 165 🗡 🖂 100	
Nearest Recorded Archaeological Site Name & Number: 27 ☐ Pre-Contact	7-GR-0198 Dam Number 1
Distance from Project Area: 1.9 miles (3 km) northeast of project area	_
☑ No Potential to Cause Effect/No Concerns Proposed project has limited impacts as existing structure is to match existing slope and alignment; impacts appear to be limit structure will match existing slope and alignment.	
☐ Concerns:	
Reviewed by:	0 /02 /004 6
Speice Charles	9/22/2016
NHDOT Cultural Resources Staff	Date:



US Army Corps of Engineers 8

New England District

New Hampshire Programmatic General Permit (PGP) Appendix B - Corps Secondary Impacts Checklist (for inland wetland/waterway fill projects in New Hampshire)

- 1. Attach any explanations to this checklist. Lack of information could delay a Corps permit determination.
- 2. All references to "work" include all work associated with the project construction and operation. Work includes filling, clearing, flooding, draining, excavation, dozing, stumping, etc.
- 3. See PGP, GC 5, regarding single and complete projects.
- 4. Contact the Corps at (978) 318-8832 with any questions.

1. Impaired Waters	Yes	No
1.1 Will any work occur within 1 mile upstream in the watershed of an impaired water? See		
http://des.nh.gov/organization/divisions/water/wmb/section401/impaired waters.htm		X
to determine if there is an impaired water in the vicinity of your work area.*		
2. Wetlands	Yes	No
2.1 Are there are streams, brooks, rivers, ponds, or lakes within 200 feet of any proposed work?	×	
2.2 Are there proposed impacts to SAS, shellfish beds, special wetlands and vernal pools (see		
PGP, GC 26 and Appendix A)? Applicants may obtain information from the NH Department of		- V
Resources and Economic Development Natural Heritage Bureau (NHB) website,		X
www.nhnaturalheritage.org, specifically the book Natural Community Systems of New		
Hampshire.		
2.3 If wetland crossings are proposed, are they adequately designed to maintain hydrology,		
sediment transport & wildlife passage?	X	
2.4 Would the project remove part or all of a riparian buffer? (Riparian buffers are lands adjacent		
to streams where vegetation is strongly influenced by the presence of water. They are often thin	X	
lines of vegetation containing native grasses, flowers, shrubs and/or trees that line the stream	^	
banks. They are also called vegetated buffer zones.)		
2.5 The overall project site is more than 40 acres.		X
2.6 What is the size of the existing impervious surface area?	4937	19-
2.7 What is the size of the proposed impervious surface area?	4937	5 9
2.8 What is the % of the impervious area (new and existing) to the overall project site?	0°	(=
3. Wildlife	Yes	No
3.1 Has the NHB determined that there are known occurrences of rare species, exemplary natural		
communities, Federal and State threatened and endangered species and habitat, in the vicinity of	1	×
the proposed project? (All projects require a NHB determination.)		'
3.2 Would work occur in any area identified as either "Highest Ranked Habitat in N.H." or		
"Highest Ranked Habitat in Ecological Region"? (These areas are colored magenta and green,]
respectively, on NH Fish and Game's map, "2010 Highest Ranked Wildlife Habitat by Ecological		
Condition.") Map information can be found at:	J	X
• PDF: www.wildlife.state.nh.us/Wildlife/Wildlife Plan/highest ranking habitat.htm.		
Data Mapper: www.granit.unh.edu.		
GIS: www.granit.unh.edu/data/downloadfreedata/category/databycategory.html.		
		- 1

3.3 Would the project impact more than 20 acres of an undeveloped land block (upland, wetland/waterway) on the entire project site and/or on an adjoining property(s)?		×
3.4 Does the project propose more than a 10-lot residential subdivision, or a commercial or industrial development?		×
3.5 Are stream crossings designed in accordance with the PGP, GC 21?	X	
4. Flooding/Floodplain Values	Yes	No
4.1 Is the proposed project within the 100-year floodplain of an adjacent river or stream?	- 12	X
4.2 If 4.1 is yes, will compensatory flood storage be provided if the project results in a loss of flood storage?	N	A
5. Historic/Archaeological Resources		
For a minor or major impact project - a copy of the Request for Project Review (RPR) Form (www.nh.gov/nhdhr/review) shall be sent to the NH Division of Historical Resources as required on Page 5 of the PGP**		NA

^{*}Although this checklist utilizes state information, its submittal to the Corps is a Federal requirement.

** If project is not within Federal jurisdiction, coordination with NH DHR is not required under Federal law...

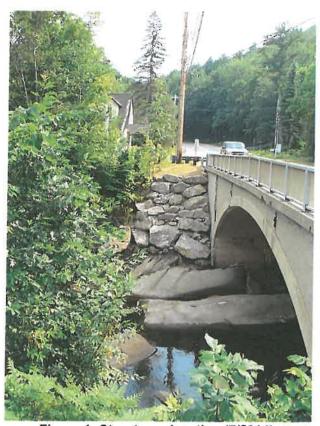


Figure 1: Structure elevation (7/2014).

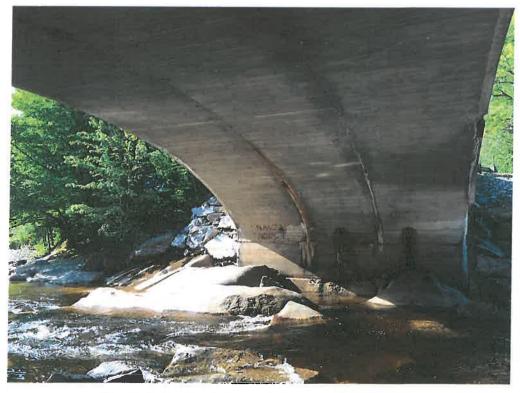


Figure 2: South abutment to be repaired (7/2015).



Figure 3: North abutment and wingwall to be repaired (7/2015).

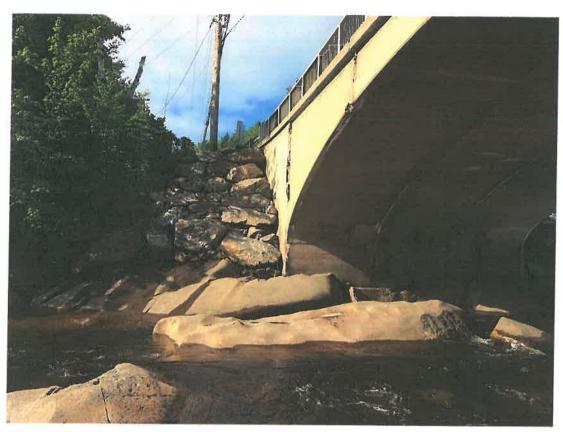


Figure 4: Existing riprap to be temporarily moved and wingwall to be repaired (7/2015).

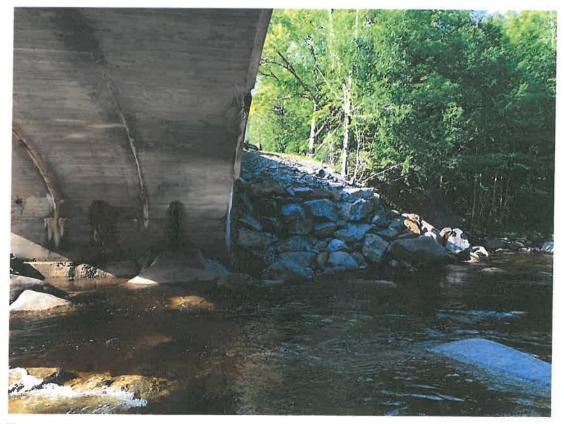


Figure 5: Existing riprap to be temporarily moved and wingwall to be repaired (7/2015).

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE

- 1. Riprap will be temporarily moved to provide access to the wingwalls.
- 2. Temporary scaffolding will be placed in the brook.
- 3. A toewall will be placed at the abutment and also on ledge at the southeast corner.
- 4. The wingwalls will be faced.
- 5. Riprap will be installed.
- 6. Temporary scaffolding will be removed and the site will be restored to its original quality.

Note:

Project will use and maintain DES Best Management Practices at all stages of construction.

PART Env-Wt 404 CRITERIA FOR SHORELINE STABILIZATION

The rehabilitation of the bridge that carries Rte. 3 over the Lost River proposes the placement of stone fill within areas under the jurisdiction of the NH Wetlands Bureau and the US Army Corps of Engineers. The stone fill will be located in the channel and along the bank of the proposed structure as shown on the plans.

Pursuant to PART Wt 404 Criteria for Shoreline Stabilization, the following addresses each codified section of the Administrative Rules:

Wt 404.01 Least Intrusive Method

The riverbank stabilization treatment proposed is the least intrusive construction method necessary to minimize the disruption to the existing shorelines. The stone treatment can be reasonably constructed utilizing general highway construction methods.

Wt 404.02 Diversion of Water

Proposed roadway drainage will allow storm water run-off to be diverted so that it will flow over vegetated areas, insofar as possible, prior to entering the Lost River. This will minimize erosion of the shoreline.

Wt 404.03 Vegetative Stabilization

Natural vegetation will be left undisturbed to the maximum extent possible. The only locations being disturbed are the impacted areas on the plan for construction. All newly developed slopes and disturbed areas will have humus and seed applied for turf establishment, which will help stabilize the project area.

Wt 404.04 Rip-Rap

- (a) Stone fill, as proposed, is shown on the attached plans to protect the channel and bank as necessary. Stable embankments are necessary to maintain the structural integrity of the bridge during all flow conditions.
- (b) (1-5) The minimum and maximum stone size, the gradation, cross sections of the stone fill, proposed location, and other details have been provided on the attached plans. Bedding for the stone fill will consist of natural ground excavated to the proposed underside of the stone fill.
- (b) (6) Enclosed are plan sheets to sufficiently indicate the relationship of the project to fixed points of reference, abutting properties, and features of the natural shoreline.
- (b) (7) Stone fill is recommended for the limits shown on the attached plans to protect the banks from erosion during flood flows, from scour during all flows, and slopes greater than 2:1 have difficulty supporting vegetation.
- (c) This project is not located adjacent to a great pond or water body where the state holds fee simple ownership.
- (d) Stone fill is proposed to extend down to and adequately keyed into the channel bottom to prevent possible undermining of the slope.
- (e) The enclosed plan has been stamped by a professional engineer.

